

The Massillon Independent.

VOL. XXVI—NO. 7.

MASSILLON, OHIO, AUGUST 3, 1888.

WHOLE NO. 1,487.

Massillon Time Tables.

CLEVELAND, LORAIN & WHEELING RAILROAD.
North. South.
No. 4 8:00 a. m. No. 5 6:30 a. m.
No. 6 1:00 p. m. No. 7 1:30 p. m.
No. 8 8:15 p. m. No. 9 7:30 p. m.
Local 8:15 p. m. Local 10:15 a. m.

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE RAILWAY.
North. South.
No. 4 8:00 a. m. No. 5 7:30 a. m.
No. 6 1:00 p. m. No. 7 1:30 p. m.
No. 8 8:15 p. m. No. 9 7:30 p. m.
Local 8:15 p. m. Local 10:15 a. m.

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO.
GOING EAST.
No. 3 8:00 a. m. Daily. 2:50 a. m.
No. 4 1:00 p. m. Daily except Sunday. 1:15 p. m.
No. 5 8:00 p. m. Daily. 9:25 p. m.
No. 6 1:00 p. m. Daily. 2:25 p. m.
No. 7 8:00 p. m. Daily. 9:25 p. m.
No. 8 1:00 p. m. Daily. 2:25 p. m.
No. 9 8:00 p. m. Daily. 9:25 p. m.

GOING WEST.
No. 1 8:00 a. m. Daily except Sunday. 9:50 a. m.
No. 2 1:00 p. m. Daily except Sunday. 10:15 a. m.
No. 3 8:00 p. m. Daily. 9:25 p. m.
No. 4 1:00 p. m. Daily. 2:25 p. m.
No. 5 8:00 p. m. Daily. 9:25 p. m.
No. 6 1:00 p. m. Daily. 2:25 p. m.
No. 7 8:00 p. m. Daily. 9:25 p. m.
No. 8 1:00 p. m. Daily. 2:25 p. m.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATTORNEYS.

R. W. McCAGHEY, Attorney at Law, office over Dillman's Arcade Store, Erie street, Massillon, Ohio.

D. F. KINOHEIL, Attorney at Law, Office over No. 12 South Erie street, Massillon, O.

ROBERT H. FOLGER, Attorney at Law, U. S. Commissioner, Commissioner of Deeds for New York and Pennsylvania, and Notary Public Office second floor, Tremont block, No. 46 South Erie street, Massillon, O. Will give strict attention to all business entrusted to him. French and German spoken.

BANKS.

GERMAN DEPOSIT BANK (Incorporated in Germany). Capital \$1,000,000. Collections made in all cities and towns in the United States. P. O. Box 10, Massillon, Ohio.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon, Ohio. Jos. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Erie street, Massillon, Ohio. Jos. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

CIGAR MANUFACTURERS.

P. H. BLOMMESEN, wholesale and retail dealer in Cigars. Factory a store room No. 39 West Main street.

DRUGGISTS.

Z. T. BALTZLY, dealer in Drugs, Medicines, and Chemicals. Perfumery and Fancy Articles, Stationery and Blank Books, Opera House, Massillon, Ohio.

FURNITURE.

JOHN H. OGDEN, Furniture Dealer and Undertaker, No. 23 West Main Street.

PHYSICIANS.

D. L. HENRY, M.D., Physician and Surgeon, No. 96 West Tremont Street, Massillon, O. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 12 p. m., 2 to 5 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m.

D. W. H. KIRKLAND, Homoeopathic Practitioner, Office No. 55 East Main street, Massillon, Ohio. Office hours: 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m. Office open day and night.

E. SEAMAN, M.D., Physician and Surgeon, Office hours: 7 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m.

H. B. GARRIGUES, M.D., Physician and Surgeon, Office hours: 9 to 10:30 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m.

HARDWARE.

A. CONRAD & CO., Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

MANUFACTURERS.

H. B. SNEYDER & CO., manufacturers of Novelty Pumps, Stoves, Engines, Mill and Mining Machinery. Works on South Erie street.

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, S. M. Portable and Tractor Engines, Horse Powers, Saw Mills, &c.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Joseph C. and Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith Iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, manufacturers of Green Glass Hollow Ware, Beer Bottles, Flasks, &c.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE COMPANY, Manufacturers of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

GROCERIES.

D. WATKINS & SON, Established in 1832. Forwarding and Commission Merchant and dealer in all kinds of Country Produce. Warehouses in Water's Block, Exchange street.

H. H. OHLER, dealer in Groceries, Tinware, and other household goods, etc., No. 14 West Main street.

JEWELERS.

JOSEPH COLEMAN, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc., No. 9 South Erie street.

E. VON KANDEL, West Side Jeweler, No. 5 West Main street.

CARD.

PATENTS—Having had over sixteen years experience in patent matters, I am prepared to procure patents for inventions, trade marks, designs, and all other rights of property, on reasonable terms.

W. A. REDMOND, Patent Office, Solicitor of U. S. and Foreign Patents, No. 631 E. street, N. W. Washington, D. C. Send for circular.

Notice to Construct Sidewalks.

May 23rd Office, Massillon, O., July 21st, 1888. William A. Miller and John J. Patterson, City Engineers, City of Massillon, Ohio, have ordered the following resolution to be passed by the council of the City of Massillon, Ohio, on the 21st day of July, 1888, to-wit: "Resolved, That on the opinion of the council of the City of Massillon, Ohio, it is necessary and the owners of abutting property are hereby required to construct sidewalks with stone or concrete, four feet wide, on the east side of Akron street, from Cherry street to north line of Union Pacific premises, and if it is desired that the same shall be constructed in accordance with the established grade of said street, and the plans and profiles thereon on file in the office of the City Engineer of said city, passed February 1st, 1888, and also an ordinance requiring the owners of sidewalks to be constructed to cause no one to be stayed upon the owners, or agent of the owners of the property, bounding or abutting on said sidewalks of the passage of this resolution.

Not are further notified that if said sidewalks are not constructed in front of front property on east side of Akron street, within the time limited by law, four or more days, the council will have the same done at their own expense. The amount to be collected with penalty and interest as prescribed by section 2380 revised Statutes of Ohio. W. A. Redmond, Mayor.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a Two and a Half Column.

H. E. Turner, Louisville merchant shot himself.

Ohio conference is tenting on the old camp meeting ground at Lancaster.

At Cleveland, Ind., 10,000 old settlers discussed ancient history and modern grub.

Mr. V. B. Bennett, of Kansas, opened the old water campaign in a speech at Urbana, Ohio.

El Bryant, a negro, was lynched at Hargis station, Miss., for assault upon a woman.

Ned Hughes, Xenia, O., saloonist, is fined \$30 and costs for making a whisky break in the Sunday law.

Inmate Lewis Mackerby is under guard at Fairmount, Ky., after fatally chopping his wife with an ax.

Randville, O., is said to be in the hands of a gang of law defiers who have run the officials out of town.

The needle swallowed by Miss Minnie Wootring, of Delaware, O., six years ago, came out of one of her limbs.

Bloomington Star twinkled in the Washington C. H. firmament four months, and has gone under a financial cloud.

Frank Davis exercised his right to use his family name by attaching the signatures of his mother and brother to notes aggregating nearly \$1400.

Portsmouth, U., streets are mused up with shattered trees, broken window glass and pieces of roofs. Walked over by a disorderly tornado.

Charles Hepler, pretended sewing machine agent at Terre Haute, Ind., is being basted by the authorities for leading a gang of nine professional thieves.

Eugene Zenius, despondent young married man from St. Paul, Minn., started the congregation of an Indianapolis church by drinking a fatal dose of carbolic acid during services.

Henry Wallace, superintendent of the Bettisville, O., lime works, is making tracks upon the sands of time somewhere beyond the reach of his deserted wife and creditors.

While Daniel Powell, of Corey, Ohio, was letting down bars for cattle, a young heifer ran with great force against one of the bars, and it struck Powell in the abdomen and killed him.

Mrs. Marion G. Walport, of Washington, claims that she is being pursued by rival claimants to a large estate, and that she was shot at while on a sleeping car of the Pennsylvania rail line near Fort Wayne.

George Jarvis and Madeline Campbell, Canadian ex-pats, forfeited their bonds of \$100 in the Cleveland court, and fled to some unknown Utopia where their honeymoon will not be eclipsed by the work house.

Kentucky physicians have a business-like way of doing their duty. Dr. Howard Switzer, of Yarnalltown, first saved Martin King's life, then took it away with a dose of cold lead because he wasn't paid for the first job.

The commissioners are still arguing fruitlessly with the Indians at Standing Rock Agency for the opening of the Sioux reservation. The Indians seem to fear that there may be valuable deposits under the soil they would lose.

In consequence of alarming reports of Indian outbreaks in British Columbia, a number of Canadian residents volunteered to go to the front. The department of militia has replied that the services of volunteers are not required.

Burglars blew open the safe of the Ashland & Pittsburg company at Warren, O., with such complete success that coin was scattered all over the adjacent territory, and the National debt made less by the entire demolition of the currency.

James Shaw, of Marion, Ind., farmer, who accidentally cut short the early life of David Fisher with a mail, was acquitted of criminal intention, and will next show cause why he should not bind up the widow's broken heart with \$10,000 damages.

Uncle John Robinson's advance agent paid \$15 damages of his own free will to soothe the feelings of the Vincennes, Ind., German Lutherans, wounded by the sight of their church plastered all over with pictures of trained elephants and performing monkeys.

At Newark, O., Mrs. Dealy put her jewelry in the rag bag to hide it from burglars, forgot, sold the entire lot at a sacrifice to a junk man, remembered and proceeded to tear her bangs out by handfuls, her anguish was terminated by the return of the honest rag man with the valuables.

Miss Jennie Gould, who teaches school and conducts a firm at Tynesboro, N. H., and who by her work has accumulated \$10,000, was to have married one Joseph Homelott, an engineer, who failed to appear at the appointed time. It transpired that his wife, whom he supposed dead, had made her continued existence known.

President Cleveland and party fished two and one-half hours Friday from docks near Erie street and Sandy Hook, but did not catch a single fish. They then tried a new place, at Lake Point, and completely pulled in five score fishes of the deep sea blue sea while a golden crowd of summer boarders on the beach stared at them through spyglasses, open glasses and all kinds of marine glasses.

Sunday's arrivals at Castle Garden, 1,860. The fare trust raised the price from seven to eleven cents.

E. G. Walton, merchant, Corydon, Ind., laudanum route.

Milton Taylor wants to go to congress from New York.

Senator Palmer, of Michigan, is a candidate for governor.

Hugo Hacker killed Dennis McGuff at Chicago Sunday. Quarrel.

Kate and Dennis Byrnes, children, were drowned in New York harbor.

Constable Sam Bell, of Newark, O., tried to suicide with an ineffectual dose of morphine.

Four new saloons have been started at Washington, C. H., O., since the repeal of the prohibitory ordinance.

Bloom Brothers, of Findlay, O., contractors and builders, have finished their contracts, the town and their creditors.

Youngstown town-hall, Mahoning county, Ohio, has a majority of 520 votes who refuse to go through the population wringer.

The one hundred and fourth birthday anniversary of Mrs. Nancy Edgerly, of Wolfboro, N. H., occurred on the 28th inst.

Near Concordia, Miss., Lee Huff, mate on the steamer Conkoma, shot and killed a negro dock hand who was trying to cut him.

John F. Congdon, of Marietta, O., first drowned his brilliant intellect in rum, and then finished himself with a dose of morphine.

TO SEARCH FOR STANLEY.

PREPARATIONS MAKING ON THE CONGO FOR AN EXPEDITION.

His Fate Continues to Disturb the Public Mind—Innumerable Theories—Italy Wants to Reopen Negotiations With France—Other Foreign News Notes.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Professor Jamieson, the naturalist, writes from Kasongo, on the Congo river, that he is making preparations to leave with Maj. Bartlett, Tippoo Tib and nine hundred men to search for Henry M Stanley. He says all the Europeans in the expedition are well.

The fate of Stanley still continues to disturb the public mind, and the discussion concerning his whereabouts, if alive, has been prolific of innumerable theories.

The fact of Tippoo Tib's following Stanley, however, is held to enhance the probability of his death in the minds of the pessimists. Maj. Bartlett, commander of the camp at Aruwimi, and Professor Jamieson, the eminent naturalist, are known to be good men and entirely capable, under ordinary circumstances, of rendering invaluable assistance to Stanley, but it is feared by those who know Tippoo Tib well that that chief, at the head of a small army under perfect control, has not been able to resist the temptation, always strong within him, to fight whenever an opportunity occurred, and upon the assumption that he has yielded to his beligerent instincts, it is believed that Stanley has been overwhelmed as the result of the exasperation of the natives which Tippoo has aroused.

Strong pressure is now being brought to bear upon the government to recognize the unofficial expedition now on the way to Kharthoum, which will not likely meet with serious opposition until they arrive at Berber, where the new mahdi's outposts are stationed. These followers of the khalifa are known to be half starved and mutinous, and their desertion of the mahdi and alliance with the expedition, in event of its recognition, is confidently relied upon by the advocates of the governments interference in behalf of the beleaguered whites in interior Africa.

The Pall Mall Gazette, in a strong article, advocates the appointment of Zebek Pasha to the command of an expedition to search for Stanley, and the suggestion is favored by many persons familiar with the general situation of the African interior.

Rather Significant.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The recent overtures made by Italy to France to reopen negotiations looking toward the conclusion of a commercial treaty between the kingdom and republic are very significant in the view of the late attempt of King John of Abyssinia, to secure the friendship of Russia. The latest drift of continental rumors tends toward the estrangement of Russia and France because of the vacillating policy of the former that her desires and ambitions may be achieved without the assistance or even the moral support of France.

Italy, having become one of the triple alliance, cannot reasonably look toward Russia for favors, and naturally turns to France to help her out. Her Red sea complications, while King John, having vainly endeavored to interest France in his behalf during his struggle to prevent Italy from seizing his most valuable part and contiguous territory, now fawns upon Russia. Continental politicians are in no way chary of expressing the opinion that France has delayed too long in giving assent to an alliance with Russia, which everybody knew long ago as well as it is known now, was especially desired by the republic, but which French statesmen hoped to delay long enough to bring about some manifestation on the part of Russia, making it appear that the compact was sought by the czar.

The time has gone by when such an alliance present advantages to Russia, warranting her turning her back upon Germany absolutely, and the present effort of Italy to arrive at a more definite understanding commercially and accidentally in other ways with France will doubtless be successful.

Meanwhile the curiosity of the continent has been excited by the new move of King John particularly in view of the notice given by Italy for her permanent occupation of Massawa, to observe what degree of assistance, if any, the czar will give the Abyssinian monarch to avert further seizures in his dominions.

Bismarck Conciliates the Pope.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The emperor will visit the pope immediately upon his arrival in Rome, before going to the Quirinal, in order not to offend the pope.

A dispatch from Rome to the Chronicle says Emperor William will stay at the Quirinal during his sojourn here, and will hold receptions at the German embassy. Prince Bismarck has sent a long dispatch to the Vatican explaining why the meeting between Emperor William and King Humbert was arranged to be held in Rome. The excuse will hardly be deemed sufficient by Mr. Windhorst and his following of German liberals, since when all is said it is a recognition by Germany of the sovereignty of the Italian government in Rome, and an assurance that, in any case between King Humbert and the pope, Germany would incline to Humbert.

The Dames Want Schleswig-Holstein.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 1.—Emperor William embarked at 10:30 o'clock today and left at 12:30 o'clock. He goes directly to Berlin, visiting Prince Bismarck early next week.

The Daublad says that Emperor William should not be allowed to believe that the Dames have renounced the hope of obtaining the restoration of Schleswig-Holstein. These are the conditions which Austria helped Prussia to take out of the fire and appropriate.

The Dames regarded the operation of her two powerful neighbors as a wholly unjustifiable robbery. The intimation is that should France once Germany and Russia Austria the Dames would make a strike for their lost provinces.

Foreign Notes.

Crops in France have been disastrously affected by the weather. According to the latest report the wheat will probably be 100,000,000 bushels short.

Prussia is doing the streets of Friedrichsruh with a carpet of straw, in honor of the arrival of Emperor William.

A young man of the United States consular office at Berlin, on August 3 for a period of six months, the nomination of a young man to the post, by which the relations between the United States and Germany may be augmented and consolidated.

RAILROAD DISASTERS.

A LOCOMOTIVE BOILER EXPLODES ON THE READING.

Killing Two Men and Injuring Several Others—Three Trains Injured in a Baltimore & Ohio Wreck—A Nickel-Plate Freight Goes Through a Trestle.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 2.—The boiler of a locomotive on the Philadelphia & Reading railroad attached to the Chestnut Hill accommodation, exploded at 11 p. m. Tuesday at the Ninth and Columbia avenue station, killing the engineer and fireman and injuring five passengers.

The killed are: Andrew Pond, engineer, aged thirty, and Peter Craiglow, fireman, aged thirty.

The injured are: Charles Ryan, James Brien, George L. Van Vert, L. P. Devany and Thomas Crispin.

Ryan was terribly burned about the face, hands and legs, and his injuries are serious. He was removed to the hospital. The other four passengers are less seriously injured, and were all able to go to their homes. The force of the explosion turned the locomotive upside down, and the heavy machinery almost fell to pieces in its place on the track.

A Baltimore & Ohio Wreck.

BARNESVILLE, O., Aug. 2.—A wreck occurred on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, a mile west of here, causing a delay of trains for several hours. Ten cars of a west bound freight were thrown from the track and their contents scattered over the embankments. Three trains, giving their names as Harry Raymond, of Ithaca, N. Y., and Glenn Edwards and Harry Williams, of Chicago, were badly hurt. Raymond was probably dead. The wounded men were brought here and surgical aid given them. The wreck will cause a heavy loss to the road.

Through a Trestle.

SILVER CREEK, N. Y., Aug. 2.—An east bound Nickel Plate freight train crashed through the trestle, near this place, shortly after midnight Tuesday night. Eight cars fell twenty-five feet, smashing them into splinters, and scattering their contents in all directions. Brakeman William Phillips, of Connecticut, O., sustained serious injuries, and is in a critical condition. The trestle is badly damaged.

Cow Causes a Wreck.

TYRASA, Ark., Aug. 2.—A west bound passenger train on the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis railway ran over a cow near here, Tuesday, and was thrown from the track. Fireman John Davis had both legs cut off and died within a few hours. No one else was seriously injured, although the passengers were considerably shaken up.

Will Cost Several Lives.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 2.—In the logging railway accident at Cayford, Mich., fifteen Polanders were seriously injured. One of them, Joseph Polthen, of Bay City, Mich., has since died and two more are expected to die.

PATENT MEDICINE CRANKS.

Thousands of Different Kinds of Nostrums Sent to General Sheridan.

NONQUITT, Mass., Aug. 2.—Every day brings to Nonquit a miscellaneous collection of patent medicines, cure alls and letters of advice. They come by boat and carriage, by mail, express and special messenger, and all are warranted to cure Gen. Sheridan forthwith. The patent medicine and mineral water cranks are the most annoying. Already they have sent stuff enough to stock a country store. The collection embraces pills in boxes, powders in papers, salve and ointment in jars, medicines, tonics and mineral waters in bottles, jugs and barrels. Old women send herbs and advice in large chunks. They range from pious plasters for rheumatism and cerebral neuralgia, "come-and-get-us" to pills for dyspepsia and salve for corns. They come from all parts of the country, and nearly every state and territory is represented in the collection. California is specially well represented, and far off Texas sends its share, while the cranks on the immediate vicinity are frequently heard from.

Some of the packages are accompanied by letters from the donors, stating that the particular nostrum recommended saved their lives. Of course none of this stuff is given to the general. Occasionally, when a particularly promising consignment of nerve food or mineral water arrives, the doctors or Col. Sheridan samples it, but they have not yet struck anything that was especially palatable. Most of the stuff is at once thrown away. The letters accompanying show that some come from kind hearted old women, who actually wish to do the general good; others come from patent medicine owners anxious to advertise their wares, but the greater number come from cranks. Every mail brings letters of advice. One or two kindly letters have been received from doctors of reputation giving some well meant information that they think may apply, but most have neither sense or reason.

Gen. Sheridan continues to pass comfortable nights and no important change in his condition is noticed.

Colored Journalists in Council.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 2.—Over fifty colored editors are participating in the National Colored Journalists' convention, which opened in the Spruce Street Baptist church today. Dr. William Simmons, of Louisville, is the presiding officer, and the address of welcome was delivered by George T. Robinson, editor of the Star. The convention will occupy two days, and a large number of subjects relating to the conduct and management of colored publications are on the program for consideration.

Smallpox in an Ohio Village.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Aug. 2.—Dr. Gillespie, of the health board of Trier county, reports smallpox at Springtown, a small town in Ohio, opposite Sistersville. All communication between Sistersville and the infected town is cut off, and the locality quarantined for about two miles on each side of the river. No mails are allowed to leave the town, and government pension officers and other officials are not allowed to enter the place.

\$1,000,000 Suit.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—William L. Breeze, senior member of the stock exchange firm of Breeze & Smith, has begun suit in the supreme court against William K. Vanderbilt for a alleged breach of contract on a certain negotiation on Lake Shore stock. Damages are claimed: \$1,000,000, with interest.

A Mad Dog Goes to the Work.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—A mad dog ran amok through the town of Lucas, yesterday, and bit four little boys, besides frightening away a number of other people half to death. The dog was finally killed by the police.

BELGIAN SOCIALISTS.

SOWING SEEDS OF DISCORD AMONG FRENCH LABORERS.

Stories Will Attempt to Show the Effect of Coercion, Repression and Landlordism in Ireland—King John Snubbed By the Czar—Other Foreign News.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The strike which originated in Paris a few days ago in the defection of a few hundred navvies, has extended to the inclusion of thousands of that class of workmen, and threatens to involve an immense number of more skilled laborers. As is usual, not to say invariable, in such cases in continental cities, and in London as well, the strike has attracted a great many Socialists to the scene, the most of them coming from Belgium.

This element has for several days been industriously sowing seeds of discord among laboring men not necessarily affected by the strike of the navvies, and unless the police are more alert and show a firmer disposition to quell the prevailing disorder, the control of the idle crowds constantly marching in procession through the principal streets of the city will become too strong for them to handle, and their dispersion must ultimately be given over to the hands of the more numerous and harshly inclined soldiery.

Among the gendarmes the workingman, real or self-styled, finds much sympathy, and his acts of lawlessness upon occasions similar to the present strike are in a great measure overlooked or condoned; but with the military different methods prevail in dealing with mobs.

The fact that the Socialists have taken part in the contest between employer and employer, now being waged in the French capital, must finally prove of great disadvantage to the strikers, despite the fact that the harangues of the leaders of the Communist party are having great effect on swelling the ranks of the strikers, and presumably bringing into the struggle laborers who otherwise would hold themselves aloof from participation in the fight.

The converts from the latter class, however, are comparatively small in number, while the greater number of the recruits are of the class of men who never work, but live upon the earnings of those who do, namely, Socialists. Even in a struggle with the military the honest workmen might have a chance, but the vagrant element has none whatever, and the sooner the former come to a realization of the weight of the handi-capper upon them by the sanguinary speeches of their voluntary leaders, the better it will be for them and the greater their chances of winning their fight with their employers.

Already several of the Belgian Socialists who have gone to Paris ostensibly to help the strikers, but really to accomplish objects of their own, are under police surveillance, and the strike will doubtless end with their arrest and imprisonment on sustained charges of crimes or misdemeanors committed, by some of them, years ago.

Parnellism and Crime.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The house of commons is devoting all its time just now to a debate of the Parnell commission bill. The many amendments offered by the Liberals with a view to restrict the inquiry under it to Mr. Parnell and other individuals to be named and to definite acts and charges have been, as expected, voted down by the Tory majority. The bill is so comprehensive that it is impossible to inquire into anything and everything concerning everybody who is a member of the commons, subject only to the discretion of the commissioners, who are of Tory appointment.

Hence it is Mr. Parnell charges Chamberlain with divulging cabinet secrets while he was a member of the cabinet. It is simply a fight with a view on both sides of creating public sentiment in favor of the opposing Irish politics. On the other side there is certain to be compiled a record of crimes committed in Ireland and by the Irish, and charged to the league and the plan of campaign. On the other side of the Liberals there will be an effort made to hold up before the country a picture of the effects of coercion, repression and landlordism in Ireland.

The Czar Snubs King John.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—The czar has declined to receive the Abyssinian delegation of priests which has arrived here for the purpose of tendering assurances of the friendship of King John, and offering to Russia a port on the Red sea suitable for a coaling station. King John hoped that the czar, on acquiring an interest in Abyssinian affairs, might checkmate the designs of Italy upon his country. He can no longer rely upon England to do so, as she favors Italy's designs. The czar, however, has ironed enough in the fire.

Death of a Well Known Mason.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 2.—Dr. Robert Morris, one of the best and best known Masons in the United States, died Tuesday morning at his home in Logansport. About six weeks ago he was stricken with paralysis, since which time he has been slowly sinking. Dr. Morris was born in Mississippi August 31, 1816, and became a Mason in 1836 in Oxford, Miss. He advanced to the Egyptian rite in New York city in 1864, and the Rite of Memphis to the nineteenth degree in

THRASHED!

A TALE OF TREMONT STREET.

In Which the Writer of an Anonymous Letter Gets Soundly Whipped by the Recipient's Friends.
(From Saturday's Daily.)

Behold the first chapter of an adventure which came to pass last night, arrayed in its original glorious profusion of bad spelling:

MASSILLON, O July 27, '85.

Mrs. ———
MADAME:
Desiring your acquaintance would like to meet you this evening at 8.30. If agreeable pass up Main street pass Conrad Hardware store and go over to the Episcopalian church where I will meet you with a buggy and go for a drive.

Your truly,
A FRIEND & ADMIRER.
Mrs. ———, having read the epistle, turned it over to her son, who took another into consultation, and a conclusion was soon reached. Fairly being with rage, he insisted that the scoundrel should not only be discovered, but thoroughly whipped, and that in order to secure such a result, his mother must meet the man at the place mentioned, he promising to be there at the same time.

The hours rolled on, and as the moon rose above the horizon, the woman in the case sauntered up Main street, closely followed by a well dressed and well known farmer, who does not live a thousand miles from town. Finally the church was reached, and she ventured to address her. Quick as a flash she turned on him like a tigress, and with a vigor of language as unexpected as it was deserved, she administered such a verbal chastisement as is the portion of few men to receive, but which only paved the way for a physical encounter that terminated Love's young dream as suddenly as a freight car stops against a snubbing post. There were two of them, and they commenced on the corner of East and Tremont streets, nor stopped until they reached Mill.

Two pairs of toes and two pairs of fists were applied with matchless skill and unequalled effect. The brawny form of the farmer kissed the earth and shook the flag stones, and as he rose to get him gone, it was only to sink again. The loss of blood was fearful, and to the victors the exercise was delightful. To add to the enjoyment of the occasion, several spectators, well known in business circles, gathered, and strange to say, none of them offered to interfere. The bruised and bleeding agriculturist worked his way down Tremont street, like a ship before a storm, and when finally the assaulting party stopped from sheer exhaustion, he departed for the rural districts. No bulletins are being issued by his physicians, but his re-appearance is not expected in the city for some days. The young men who conducted the campaign, are being congratulated by others who were more or less directly interested in applying the currying comb of force, to the impudence and vanity of one whose deserts are scarcely equalled by what he got.

Reunion of the 76th O. V. I.

The next annual reunion of the 76th Regiment O. V. I. will be held at Columbus, September 11, instead of at Newark, as previously announced.

J. M. WALKER, Sec'y.

The Fortification Bill Passes the House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29.—The fortification bill completed by the House committee on appropriations today was based upon estimates aggregating \$8,239,000. The last bill passed, that of 1884, appropriated \$725,000. The present bill carries an appropriation of \$6,202,570, and in the report the committee says, if the provisions of section six result in the procurement for the government of the guns, mortars and carriages, a further appropriation will be necessary of not exceeding in the aggregate, \$13,215,138 in sums of not more than \$2,500,000 in any one fiscal year.

Among the chief provisions are: For repair of fortifications and other works of defense, \$100,000; for the construction of sea walls and earth embankments, \$117,000; for torpedoes for harbor defense, \$200,000; for the erection of an army gun factory at Watervliet Arsenal, Troy, N. Y., where will be finished heavy ordnance in accordance with the recommendations of the gun foundry board, \$750,000; and for the purchase of rough finished, oil-tempered, and annealed steel for sixty-six guns for coast defense of 8, 10 and 12 inch calibres, \$1,500,000. The Watervliet plant should be in full working order within three years, and it is expected that the entire sixty-six guns will be completed within five years from the date of the first delivery of the guns or six and a half years from the date of this act.

Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic not a stimulant but a nerve food, restoring nerve force lost by sickness or excessive mental work or the use of liquor, opium, morphine or tobacco. It supplies food for nerve tissues and by its gentle operative action, removes all restraint from the sensitive organs, hence, curing all diseases of the stomach and liver. Z. T. Baltyz will supply the genuine Red Clover Tonic at 50 cents a bottle.

Job Lot.

Don't get lost in the rush! Seaside Libraries and Franklin Square Libraries, former price 10, 15 and 20 cents—your choice for 5 cents. Call early.
THE INDEPENDENT CO.

AMONG THE INDUSTRIES.

WHAT IS DOING AT HOME AND ABROAD.

Another Inventive Massillonian—The New Foundry—Concerning Strikes—Lake Superior Ore—Minor Matters

Conrad, Dangler & Brown have the contract furnishing all the lumber to be used in the new East street school.

Several new kilns are building at the Massillon Stone and Brick Company's works, and the output will soon be doubled.

The Grant locomotive works, of Palmyra, N. J., have been compelled to shut down, being unable to compete with similar establishments elsewhere.

Russell & Co. are behind in their orders in many lines, and there is no telling when they will catch up. The big warehouses are practically empty, and many departments are compelled to work night and day.

The largest pair of steam shears in this country has been placed in the Amnor plate mill of Carnegie, Phipps & Co., at Homestead, Pa. They will cut a piece of steel fifteen inches thick and have a force of forty thousand pounds to the square inch.

A patent band car is being constructed by the Massillon Machine Company for the patentee Exel Stump. Mr. Stump stated yesterday that this car could be propelled at a greater rate of speed than the present band car and with but very little labor. He is confident that it will be a success.

In 1887 the production of cut nails in the United States was 6,908,570 kegs of one hundred pounds each. The total production in 1886 amounted to 8,169,973 kegs. This falling off is supposed to come from the competition of wire nails, of which it is estimated that 1,250,000 kegs were manufactured last year, against 600,000 in 1886.

Wendling Brothers have been somewhat delayed in starting their new foundry, on West street, but everything is now in readiness and work will be commenced on Monday. Theirs is quite a large establishment, and their business, which has grown from nothing until it requires every inch of space afforded by the new shop, gives promise of soon doubling again.

It is estimated that the shipment of ore from the Lake Superior region will fall considerably below the average of last year. The total amount shipped last year was 4,390,000 tons. The contracts this year call for 3,100,000 tons, a falling off of seventy-three per cent. from last year's shipments. This reduction in the demand for ore this year is largely attributed to the surplus held by the largest manufacturers at the beginning of the year.

The labor strikes for the six years ending Dec. 21, 1884, numbered 3903, or an average of 650 per year. These strikes involved 1,002,045 employees. During this period there were also 2,182 lock outs, involving 173,905 employees. In 1887 there were 853 strikes, or 40 per cent. more than the average of the preceding six years. It is estimated that the loss of strikers in wages amounted to \$13,672,225, while the loss of employers will reach \$7,441,984. Nearly all of these strikes occurred in the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Delaware and Ohio. In these five States are 50 per cent of all the manufacturing establishments.

In speaking of the Lake Coal Dealer's Association, and the state of trade in this district, The Coal Trade Journal says: "With peace in the mining districts, no trouble from inattention to the railways and a market for more bituminous coal than has ever before been handled on the lakes in a single season, everything is surely harmonious. One of the gentlemen in question ventured the prediction, and his judgment is of the first order, that the organization of lake coal dealers means an aggregate gain in profits this season of at least \$100,000. With a continuance of the good feeling that has marked dealing so far, there will be no cause for a repetition of the troubles of last winter when the coal men came together to renew their agreements."

Pioneer Day at the Ohio Centennial.

The board of directors of the Ohio centennial have assigned Thursday, September 4 as the special day for the meeting of the surviving early settlers of Ohio. Especially it is desirable that all the men and women who have lived for seventy years in Ohio, and who are able to attend, should be present. There will be meetings in the Coliseum at 11.30 a. m. and 3.30 p. m., with short addresses, brief reminiscences of pioneer life, and old time music. The "Old Foggy Singing Class" of Logan county, has promised to attend in a body, and other old folks' concert music will add interest and charm to the occasion. This will be the largest and most interesting pioneer meeting ever held in the State and as a feature in the celebration of the first centennial it will be of the deepest possible interest to all people.

A New County Road.

A petition will be presented to the county commissioners at their next meeting by W. F. Ricks and others, asking for a county road beginning at a point on the township line where the Wooster road crosses the line, and running south along the township line to the Tremont road.

SERVED HIM RIGHT.

A CONTEMPTIBLE CUR OF A TRAVELLING MAN.

Slapped in the Face for Insulting the Integrity of Every Respectable Man—The Action of the Mayor.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

C. S. Harrison, a travelling man, was fined ten dollars and costs at half past 2 o'clock this morning, for assaulting Morris Bach, another travelling man, in front of the Hotel Conrad. The circumstances and facts in connection are these:

Mr. Harrison is one of the firm of Harrison & Proctor, of Mansfield, where he makes his home, and he also represents Brown, Durell & Co., of Boston. He moves in the best society in Mansfield, has made regular trips to Massillon for years, and is known and respected. Of Morris Bach less is known. He travels for Urig, Heiman & Co., New York. Bach was sitting in a group in front of the hotel about midnight, and Mr. Harrison, having concluded a business engagement, also joined it. By common consent the talking was delegated to Bach, who is noisy and voluble, and the subject was, of course, politics. Mr. Harrison took no part in the discussion, pro or con. He merely sat there.

As Bach, who is a Democrat, warmed up to his subject, he referred to the Halpin scandal of 1884. He acknowledged the facts, and gratuitously added that any man would be a fool who would not do what Mr. Cleveland did, under the same circumstances. Even General Harrison, he declared, if absent from his wife and placed in such a position, would prove unfaithful. In coarse language that cannot be reproduced, he added that every member of the party would do the same. "I will go a step farther," said he, and finished by saying that any member of the group present would also do the same thing. Mr. Harrison, who had been a silent listener, then spoke.

"For nineteen years I have been a travelling man, and I never heard a married man talk as you talk without feeling ashamed to recognize him as a fellow traveller. You are a disgrace to the profession."

"Well," answered Bach rudely, "You seem to be taking this matter personally. If the shoe fits you, wear it."

Mr. Harrison promptly rose, walked over to Bach, and without hurting him, slapped him in the face. The creature did not respond, except to say that he would see about the affair later. He was true to his word. After Mr. Harrison had retired, he was called out by an officer, who had a warrant for his arrest on the charge of assault and battery. Mayor Frantz, who had been also called, was in waiting at the mayor's office. The mayor says that he notified the officers to simply watch Mr. Harrison's room, in case he decided to wait until morning for trial; but to Mr. Harrison he only said that if he refused to plead guilty, or to give bond, he would at once lock him up. The prisoner naturally supposed that he would have no opportunity to send for his friends, and pleaded guilty and paid his fine. Mr. Harrison then insisted on the arrest of Bach, for inciting an assault, but as Bach declared that he would not plead guilty, Mayor Frantz replied that he guessed the affair would keep until morning. Mr. Harrison urged him again on the ground that Bach would take the next train from the city, if not arrested then and there. But the Mayor was obdurate, and the party was dismissed.

Sure enough, Bach, escaped on an early morning train. Mr. Harrison, accompanied by a friend, called at the Mayor's office about 9 o'clock, to protest against the imposition of the fine, without allowing the accused time to secure bond, and to again ask for Bach's arrest. Mayor Frantz seemed very sorry that Bach had left the city, as he had intended to order his arrest, but had nothing more to say.

Mr. Harrison has no objection to the course of the mayor in fining him, but is highly indignant over the insistence of Mayor Frantz to settle the case at an unreasonable hour, because he, though a stranger, could not produce vouchers on the spot; and for refusing to arrest Bach, as he himself had been arrested. The assault was the result of intense provocation, and those who witnessed it, admired Mr. Harrison for displaying that decency and morality, are dead.

ACRES AND ACRES OF COAL.

Another Territory Proved, and a Big Mine to be Opened.

The word has come that the drilling which for some months has been progressing on the J. B. Wendling farm, west of the city, has proved the existence of a big coal territory, of which one hundred and sixty acres are leased by Hon. J. G. Warwick and Philip Sonnhalter. Veins of four and five feet have been struck, and though only a few holes have been sunk, the lessees are already sure of thirty acres of coal, and are tolerably certain that when they have done drilling the number will be very largely increased. Messrs. Warwick and Sonnhalter are completing arrangements for the immediate opening of a new mine, and coal will be delivered from it before winter, unless delays occur which cannot be foreseen. The mine in capacity, and all else, will rank with the best in the valley.

A horse race is always regarded as a matter of course.

ADMIRABLY STATED.

The Cold, Hard Facts About the Mills Bill.

It is a free trade bill. It was drawn up in the interest of free traders, it was supported by every free trader in the country, and it received the vote of every free trader in the house. It has met with the enthusiastic approval of every free trade newspaper in England. It is a sectional measure, framed in the interests of the south and opposed to all the great industrial interests of the north. The representatives of northern industries were denied the privilege of appearing before the committee which framed the bill and presenting their claims to a consideration of their interests. The Republican congressmen who were members of the committee which prepared the bill were not permitted to take any part in its preparation and did not know its contents until it was ready for presentation in the house. British representatives of great English industries had more to do with the framing of the bill than the representatives elected by the people from great centers of American industry. Its authors and promoters have no interest in American industry, and no respect for the opinion of the masses of workmen in our great centers of industry. Fraud and violence have given them a secure hold on their seats in congress, while the decree of the caucus and the party lash have made them masters of their party. By the passage of the Mills bill in the house they have shown what they would do if their party was in complete possession of the government. The bill will now go to the senate, where the Republican majority will be an insurmountable barrier to its passage in its present shape. But the Democratic party has unilaterally committed itself to free trade. It has nailed the Cobden club colors to its masthead. It has no possible way of retreating from its position as the party of free trade. The question is now before the people. It will be the all absorbing issue of the campaign. The people will be aroused as they never have been before since the election of 1860, when the south was pitted against the north on the subjects of free trade and negro slavery. The wool growers, manufacturers and workmen of the nation will rally to the party that supports and protects their interests. We will see within the next few months the largest and most enthusiastic political meetings ever before assembled in this country. There will be processions and demonstrations of workmen in the streets of our large cities which will give unmistakable evidence of the attitude of our people on this issue. The planters of the solid south, with Great Britain at their back, have thrown down the gauntlet. The working people and manufacturers of the north, with the welfare of their families at stake, will take it up, and they will vote for Harrison and Morton and protection to American industry.—Cleveland Leader.

Our American Stock Waning.

Civilization, strange as it may seem, in covers marked tendencies toward degeneration. It is possible civilization will never attain a condition wherein it is able to successfully carry forward a race without at the same time losing part of the best powers of that race. Our American stock is seriously waning in more ways than one. Our keenness of vision is not comparable to that of our savage forefathers. We are losing, or so far have lost, in teeth and hair, which means that we have lost in our animal vitality. Mental degeneracy in some forms is also quite as surely an adjunct of progress. Insurance against fire has increased property; business competition, awakening energy and industry and tact, has also increased selfishness. It does not seem an evil to most business men to crowd down their neighbors and crush their rival enterprises. The building of large cities involves the creation of a secondary barbarism, a caste assigned to decay and dissolution. So far we have devised no progress without an increase of inventions for self destruction. Drunkenness and debauchery have overwhelmed much of the best and most hopeful.—"L. P. P." in Globe-Democrat.

He's Built That Way, However.

President Cleveland appears to work on the principle that the veto power was in the White House when he came in. So was the wise chair, but it was not expected that he would guzzle the whole contents at one sitting.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

That is gold which is worth gold. Health is worth more than gold. Don't neglect a cough or cold and let it remain to irritate the lungs when a city can't bottle of Dr. Ballow's Positive Cure will promptly and safely cure any recent cough, cold or throat or lung trouble. Buy the dollar bottle of Z. T. Baltyz for chronic cases of family use. Endorsed by physicians and druggists. Pleasant to take.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

I believe Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life.—A. H. DOWELL, Editor Enquirer, Edenton, N. C., April 23, 1887.

PISO
The Best Cough Medicine is Piso's Cure for Consumption. Children take it without objection. By all druggists. 25c.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

DR. SCHILLING'S HEALTH PRESERVING CORSET.

CAUTION—Do not let others lead you into buying worthless imitations of this Corset. It is the Original. G. A. COIT & CO. WAREHOUSE, 171 N. 2nd St., New York. DR. SCHILLING'S HEALTH PRESERVING CORSET and money will be refunded to wearers who feel the need of it. For perfectly satisfactory. For Sale by Ricks & Bro.

A Gift for All.

In order to give all a chance to test it, and thus be convinced of its wonderful curative powers, Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, will be for a limited time given away. The offer is not only liberal, but shows unbounded faith in the merits of this great remedy. All who suffer from coughs, colds, consumption, asthma, bronchitis, or any affections of the throat, chest or lungs, are especially requested to call at Z. T. Baltyz's drug Store, and get a trial bottle free, large bottles \$1.

You may break, you may shatter, the "vase" if you will, but the various ways of pronouncing it, according to locality, will cling round it still.

A Sensible Man.

Would use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. It is curing more cases of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, bronchitis, Croup and all Throat and Lung troubles than any other medicine. The proprietor has authorized any druggist to give you a sample bottle free to convince of the merit of this great remedy. Large bottles 50c and \$1.

When a photographer asks if the negative suits you, examine it closely before you answer in the affirmative.

Interested People.

Advertising a patent medicine in the peculiar way in which the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam for coughs and colds does, is indeed wonderful. He authorizes all druggists to give those who call for a sample bottle free, that they may try it before purchasing. The large bottles are 50c and \$1. We certainly would advise a trial. It may save you from consumption.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever, corns, tetter, itchy skin, chilblains, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltyz.

A woman will usually acknowledge a man's superiority when her lead pencil gets dull.

Dr. Frazier's Family Ointment

Never fails to soothe and heal cuts, burns, bruises, fever, inflammation, sprains, pimples, chilblains, itchy skin, chapped lips or hands from cold, cold feet, sore nipples, and all diseases and eruptions of the skin.

Piles! Piles! Piles!
Dr. Frazier's Indian Pile Ointment is the only sure cure for blind, bleeding or itching piles ever discovered. It never fails to cure old chronic cases of long standing.

Dr. Frazier's Indian Pile Ointment cures me after years of suffering.

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R. A. PINN.

Real Estate Dealer,
Attorney-at-Law,

—AND—
U. S. Pension Att'y

I keep on hand all kinds of pension blanks, and make a specialty of all kinds of pension work, make and keep on file free of charge, copies of all papers, and have a certificate of my notarial character on file in the pension office.

No. 24 East Main Street, Massillon, O.

At a bargain—A nice little home with 3 1/2 acres of land and good buildings, near Paul's station. 1/2 acre of land, well improved, in 4th ward.

Farm of 7 1/2 acres, 3 1/2 miles south-west Massillon. This farm is well improved, good barn, house and out-buildings, has about 15 acres of timber. Terms cash.

A well improved farm of 17 1/2 acres in Geauga county.

Thirteen room house and good lot, on the corner of Tremont and Hill streets.

Seven room house and lot, on South Grant street.

House and lot No. 54 North Mill street.

TAKE THE

Mt. Vernon & Pan Handle Route
The C. A. & C. RAILWAY

P. C. & St. L. and C. St. L. & P.
Railroads for all Points
South & Southwest.

The only line running the celebrated Pullman Palace Sleeping and Drawing Room Cars between Cleveland, Akron, Columbus, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

Passengers holding first-class tickets via this line are entitled to breakfast in the new Elegant Pullman Reclining Chair Cars at a nominal charge, leaving Columbus on the Fast Express at 3:00 p. m. daily, arriving at Cincinnati 10:20 p. m., St. Louis 7:00 a. m. and Kansas City 7:30 p. m.

THE SCHEDULE.
Central or 9th Meridian Time.
In effect January 22, 1885.

GOING NORTH				GOING SOUTH			
No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.
Stations.	Stations.	Stations.	Stations.	Stations.	Stations.	Stations.	Stations.
Cleveland	Massillon	St. Louis	St. Louis	Cleveland	Massillon	St. Louis	St. Louis
12:40	1:10	1:40	2:10	12:40	1:10	1:40	2:10
12:50	1:20	1:50	2:20	12:50	1:20	1:50	2:20
1:00	1:30	2:00	2:30	1:00	1:30	2:00	2:30
1:10	1:40	2:10	2:40	1:10	1:40	2:10	2:40
1:20	1:50	2:20	2:50	1:20	1:50	2:20	2:50
1:30	2:00	2:30	3:00	1:30	2:00	2:30	3:00
1:40	2:10	2:40	3:10	1:40	2:10	2:40	3:10
1:50	2:20	2:50	3:20	1:50	2:20	2:50	3:20
2:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	2:00	2:30	3:00	3:30
2:10	2:40	3:10	3:40	2:10	2:40	3:10	3:40
2:20	2:50	3:20	3:50	2:20	2:50	3:20	3:50
2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00
2:40	3:10	3:40	4:10	2:40	3:10	3:40	4:10
2:50	3:20	3:50	4:20	2:50	3:20	3:50	4:20
3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30

LOCAL HAPPENINGS

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

August Arthur, alias Tate, wanted at Canton for burglary, has been arrested at Sacramento, Cal.

Frank Meyer was re-elected secretary-treasurer of the Ohio division, L. A. W. at the Toledo meet.

The police have instructions to be on the lookout for horses stolen from Deerfield and Ravenna.

Rev. E. E. Drexler will deliver a sermon on "Hell" at the Christian church next Sunday evening.

There will be no services held in the Second Presbyterian church until the first Sunday in September.

The surviving veterans of the 107th Reg't, O. V. I., will hold their next annual reunion at Meyer's lake, August 30.

The Rowland family of Canton, will hold a reunion at the residence of Mr. George Haines, near McDanielville, tomorrow.

Russell & Co. have again broken their record, having built one hundred and five engines in the month of July, and are still behind their orders.

Tnos. Sladden, the thirteen-year-old son of Agent Sladden, of the C. & W. railway, fell from a train Tuesday night, in the yard in this city, and broke his arm.

Seventy-four years ago Tuesday, Isaac N. Doree sailed into Massillon in an old-fashioned prairie schooner, and ate his first supper in one of the Kenda squares.

The board of education met Tuesday night and transacted no business of interest, save to appoint a building committee consisting of Messrs. Miller, Justice, Humberger and Kirchhoff.

Between July 11 and 28, township clerk L. A. Koons paid the premium on sixty-four dozen sparrows and sixty-eight ground hogs. The fund for the purpose is now nearly exhausted.

Everything is again lovely at Castle Kessler. Mrs. Kessler, who brought suit against the unlovely Albright, fearing her life, has concluded that he is not such a bad man after all, and so the case has been withdrawn.

Among the special donations offered at the West Virginia State Fair, is one by H. Berrar, of Massillon. He offers one sitting of Partridge Cochins eggs, value two dollars, for the best Partridge Cochins cock.

Mrs. Joseph Dressler received a check for two thousand dollars Tuesday from Recorder Leahy, of the C. M. B. A., in payment of the amount of insurance on her husband's life. It was sent twenty days before due.

The operations of the Massillon Electric Light Company at present extend over a dozen different circuits, scores of miles of wire, and light is furnished by the medium of four hundred and seventy-five incandescent lamps, one hundred commercial arc lights, and eighty-five street arc lights.

As the limited express flew through Stark county Thursday, it caught up two fine mules owned by the Youngstown Coal Company, west of the city, cutting one in two as though it had been done with a sharp knife, and instantly killing the other, also. The train was delayed about twenty minutes.

Miss C. M. Hann, of Paul's Station has returned from Mt. Union college, where she passed a very creditable examination in several branches. In algebra, with a class of some twenty young men, she received 90 per cent for her grade, it being the highest obtained by any member. She carried away the honors of the class.

The Kitchen mill property was offered for sale by the sheriff Friday. There were no bids, and it will have to be reappraised and advertised. This property was bought in some time ago by two of the Kitchen heirs, but the deeds were never transferred, as no cash was paid up on the purchase.

The Cleveland Leader's "corridor man" hat this: "Mr. James R. Dunn, of Massillon, was at the Weddell House yesterday. He is an enthusiastic bicyclist, and has been president of the Ohio Division of the League of American Wheelmen. He met a number of old friends while in the city, and the past present and future of the wheel were discussed."

The small boys of Akron are in an unpleasant predicament. They like to swim in the canal, but it is against the rules and regulations, and they can only do it surreptitiously. Now they can not even do it on the sly, for last spring some Florida excursionists deposited a vigorous conflagrator in one of the levels, which in the process of time has grown toward maturity, and is prepared to devour any youth who has the tendency to enter his domain.

Adam Adair, of Canton, drove over to Massillon this afternoon with the fair but frail Lizzie Oliver. They were both horribly drunk, and as they approached the cemetery on Erie street, Lizzie became pugnacious, and began to pound Adam. Adam was in great distress when Councilman Jarvis happened by. Mr. Jarvis stopped their horse, and the female got out. He drove the man up town, secured an officer, who went after the female. Adam was dismissed, but his companion is in jail, and when she gets up will be tried for creating trouble.

The Rev. Hiram Miller, of Canton, preached Sunday morning and evening in the First Methodist church.

Among the bidders upon a trunk sewer to be built in Canton, was William Crooks of this city. His price was \$13,064.90.

The board of education has elected R. W. Malone, of Conneaut, principal of the high school, to succeed Mrs. L. D. Pinney. Mr. Malone is a graduate of the Ohio State University, and is an instructor of six years' experience.

Mr. Slutz, an old gentleman residing with his stepson Henry Hyer, on North Mill street, was found dead in bed yesterday, the result of heart trouble. The funeral will be held at the house tomorrow afternoon by the Rev. O. W. Shetter, of the St. John's Evangelical church, of which Mr. Slutz was a member. The remains will be taken to North Amherst, O., for interment.

The wrestling match between Owen Courtney, the local middle weight, and John O'Grady, the champion middle-weight of America, is off. Courtney declares he entered into the agreement in good faith and unconditionally, but that O'Grady has since insisted that he must reduce his weight twenty pounds. Courtney cannot do this without training and without neglecting his trade and refuses to try. O'Grady dropped in last night to accuse Courtney of having learned of his prowess since the signing of the articles and of being afraid to meet him. Sporting men are inclined to take Courtney's version.

The Ohio State Board of Health reports diphtheria from Libanopolis, Norwalk and Bellaire. Typhoid fever from Milford, Elmore, Minster, West Jefferson, Middleport, Eaton, White House, Bellefleur, Russellville, Bellaire, El Dorado, Reynoldsburg and New London; old cases at Carrollton and Mt. Pleasant. Scarlet fever reported from Keene, Sandusky, Bloom Centre, Elmore, Marshfield, Toledo, Bellaire, Portsmouth, New London and Columbus. Measles reported from eight places, fifteen mild cases at Minster. Whooping cough at seven places. An epidemic at Caldwell pronounced remittent fever, fifteen cases and one death.

PERSONALITIES

And the Matters Which Agitate the Society World.

Miss Ida Royer is visiting relatives in Canton.

Miss Lillie Gise is visiting friends in Zanesville.

Mrs. L. A. Koons is visiting friends in Canal Fulton and Clinton.

Miss Grace Elliot, of Philadelphia, Pa., is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Bangold.

Miss Gwynn Teeple, of Wooster, is the guest of Miss Della Wade, on Park street.

Mrs. A. P. L. Pease, and her mother, Mrs. Gillespie, are sojourning at Cape May.

Mr. W. H. Richards and daughters, Ella and Fanny, left this morning for Lakeside.

Mrs. E. P. Edgar and family are at Newton Falls, O., and expect to be absent three weeks.

William Zimmerman, of New Orleans, is the guest of his uncle, John Albrecht, south of the city.

Governor Foraker has refused to commute the sentence of "Blinky" Morgan, and he will hang.

Mr. and Mrs. George Goodhart have gone to Cleveland, where they will remain for two weeks.

The employees of the Massillon Bridge Company will picnic at Camp Chippewa on Saturday, August 11.

Miss Sadie and Maggie Perry, and Miss Anna Firkins are spending a few days at Camp Chippewa.

Ed Miller who has been working in Washington City, Pa., the past six months is home on a short visit.

Archer C. Corns has returned after a month's vacation in the pine woods of Maine, Boston and New York.

Mrs. H. B. Yost and Miss Arletta Yost have returned from a visit to the home of the former near Garrettsville, O.

Miss Florence Atwater left for her home in New York, Tuesday afternoon, after spending several weeks in this city.

Mrs. Heaton, Miss Heaton, and Master Will Heaton, of New York, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Steese, Prospect street.

Chas. Craig who has been attending the business college at Pittsburg, is visiting his brother and sister, E. S. Craig and Mrs. J. C. Haring.

The annual meeting of the Crystal Springs Sunday School Assembly will be held at the Tabernacle, in Tuscarawas township, on Wednesday and Thursday, August 22 and 23.

The following from the church column of the Akron Beacon will interest the boys who used to go to school with Charley Miller. "Grace Reformed Church. There will be services in the morning only. Rev. Charles E. Miller, of Massillon, a recent graduate of Heidelberg Theological Seminary, will preach."

Job Lot.

Don't get lost in the rush! Seaside L. Haines and Franklin Square Laboratories, former price 10, 15 and 20 cents, four for one for 5 cents. Call early. The Independent Co.

ANOTHER QUARRY.

A Magnificent Find of Red Sand Stone to be Opened.

Kitzmiller & Wade have just made another lucky strike in securing the lease on a tract of twenty acres of land underlain with a forty-foot vein of beautiful red sand stone, lying just on the northwest edge of Tuscarawas county. The quality is excellent, and the color is rich and bright. It is the only find of the kind that is near Massillon, and a quarry will be opened as soon as possible. For buildings in this climate the color is a great consideration, and the mass will find it much easier to work than the Lake Superior stone, which is somewhat like it in appearance. Mr. Kitzmiller discovered the spot by noticing a wagon load of surface rock, which he passed in the county. He inquired where it came from, and had a lease signed before he left the place.

ANOTHER TELEPHONE EXCHANGE Is a Possibility. The Shaver Telephone.

It may be that the days of high telephone rentals in Massillon are numbered, if certain experiments now proposed are entirely successful. The Shaver Telephone Company, No. 157 Broadway, think that they have an instrument fully equal to that made by the Bell Company, and are anxious to have their system put in operation in Massillon. No detailed information is yet at hand concerning the patents on the invention, but so much has been ascertained:

Sample instruments have been shipped and as soon as they arrive an experimental line will be put up between the office and residence of Otto E. Young, Ira Fisher and Mr. Young are interested in the matter and propose to test it. If the experimental line works satisfactorily, then will be the time to talk about a new exchange and greatly reduced rates.

MASSILLON HORSE FLESH.

The Akron Telegram Tells About It.

Last Wednesday Mat, Laird the celebrated driver, dropped into our city and established quarters at the fair ground with a string of trotters belonging to J. S. Coxey, of Massillon. Mr. Laird is a most pleasant appearing gentleman, and his knowledge and experience in the handling of horses makes him a very entertaining conversationalist. He has in his training here five animals: Newton, Kentucky Girl, Kentucky Chief, Extract and Seaside. Mr. Laird will probably remain here two or three weeks. His work has been mostly in the Indiana and Ohio circuits and so far this season he has taken first money four times out of thirteen entries, besides winning places over noted stock in other races. He won quite a reputation last season, it will be remembered, by his wonderful driving of Trouble in 2:24 at the Cleveland meet. Mr. Laird is well pleased with Fountain Park, but finds that his horses do not work as well on this track as they would on a mile whirl. He complains that the curves are so short that his horses cannot do their best and that a mile track is far better.

FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP.

No Match for Massillon—Captain Clutz and His New Gun.

Captain Clark, of Canton, has been conducting the correspondence with the Cleveland Central Gun Club, and has notified Captain Clutz, of this city, of the receipt of a challenge from the Central Gun Club for the championship of Northern Ohio. The Cleveland people are anxious to have teams of twenty men, Stark county's team to be drawn from the Massillon and Canton clubs. It may be that Stark county will insist upon teams of twenty-five men. As the arrangements now stand, and the Massillon club is likely to acquiesce, there will be one match at Cleveland, one at Meyer's Lake, and one at Cottage Grove Lake. The management at the latter point offers a purse of fifty dollars. As Massillon will not have a shoot, the Massillon club will not be at any expense for the birds. Though the Gun Club may feel satisfied to forego a shoot on the home range, a great many people here are not, and are quite disappointed. The Cleveland men argue that it would be unfair for Stark county to insist upon two matches.

Captain Clutz had a little private practice on the west side range last Tuesday with his new LeVeve gun, and broke twenty-three birds straight, and twenty-four out of twenty-five.

The Gun Club Shoot.

A number of Massillon rod and gun club members took part in the regular weekly shoot at the range Friday afternoon, making an average good score as follows:

	Singles	Doubles
E. H. H. H.	20	6
F. H. H. H.	17	5
G. H. H. H.	15	4
H. H. H. H.	13	3
I. H. H. H.	12	2
J. H. H. H.	10	1
K. H. H. H.	8	0
L. H. H. H.	7	0
M. H. H. H.	6	0
N. H. H. H.	5	0
O. H. H. H.	4	0
P. H. H. H.	3	0
Q. H. H. H.	2	0
R. H. H. H.	1	0

Mr. Sharpnack received first badge on singles and doubles, and Mr. Reed second badge on singles and doubles.

It is simply marvelous how quickly consumption, biliousness, sick head, fever and ague and malaria are cured by "Sells' Liver Pills."

HERE AND THERE.

The Building and Loan Company—A Painter for Contractors—An Instructive Incident.

Here is an instructive incident. A Massillon brick manufacturer went to Canton about a year ago, expecting to bid upon brick for a short strip of fire brick pavement—the first piece put down. But in talking it over with the officials the Massillon folks were informed that they could not bid if they wished, but that it would do them no good, for Canton proposed to put down Canton-made brick, come what would. Well, the job wasn't a very good one, but the spirit of the people who ordered it was admirable.

It happened that the lowest bid for the East street building was properly drawn and accompanied by bond, but if this had not been true and the contract had been let to a higher bidder who had carried out all the statutory requirements, what a wall would have gone forth! Yet the board of education would have had no other choice. That about half the propositions submitted to the board were, in law, not bids at all should teach contractors to be more careful in the future.

One does not hear so much about the Massillon Loan and Building Company now, as in the damp and clammy days of spring. But that is only because it has an established sphere of usefulness, and has lost novelty, and not by any means because it is not bowling along in a successful channel. Every Tuesday evening the chink of the silver is heard in the secretary's office, and those who have subscribed or are observing with intense satisfaction the amount of their deposits rolling into the office. Even those who have only taken one share obligating themselves to the payment of a meager twenty-five cents a week, have now a comfortable pile of dollars to their credit, and drawing compound interest, too. The beauty of the scheme is that it draws out money in very small sums, without the slightest inconvenience to the stockholders, and money that ordinarily would not be saved at all. The aggregate of the deposits has already done great good. Half a dozen houses that would not otherwise have been built are now being occupied, and plenty more men are waiting for money sales night, in order to borrow funds with which to build, also. Four hundred and fifty-seven shares have been taken in the institution thus far, and the number is gradually increasing. They can be bought at any time and in any quantity. As there is absolutely no chance of losing money, and almost as much certainty of a profit in the way of interest, the advice to every man of small income to take at least one share, may be considered as disinterested.

THE POSTOFFICE.

The Business for the Month of July.

The number of letters delivered by carries in July was 13,911; number of postal cards, 3,124; number of newspapers, 13,841; total number of pieces delivered, 30,876. The number of local letters collected was 232; number of mail letters, 2,585; number of local postal cards, 40; number of mail postal cards, 429; number of newspapers, 202; total number of pieces collected, 3,488. The number of pieces delivered in June was 29,272, so that the increase in July is 1,604.

'Twas a Mouse on Her Bonnet

She was a Massillon lady, and she was out calling Sunday afternoon. She wore a large straw hat, and her friends noticed a strange nervousness which seemed to take possession of her when she sat down. She would twitch her head from side to side, and ever and anon would raise her hands to her bonnet, as though anxious to do something yet uncertain what to do. Those upon whom she was calling politely ignored this eccentric conduct, though somewhat agitated when they noticed her removing some hair pins. Finally the poor woman could stand it no longer, and pulled her bonnet off. As she did so every lady mounted a chair, and the men rushed for pokers, while a tiny mouse ran around the room. Finally the little animal was killed, explanations followed, and all present laughed over the incident.

The Orrville Camp Meeting.

The Orrville camp meeting is now well under way, and will continue until August 8. Miss Minnie McGhie, one of Massillon's accomplished young musicians, has been engaged to assist in the music, which is always good. Dr. McGhie cannot tear himself wholly away from business, but he will get over very frequently.

He is a Massillonian.

Lyman U. Humphrey, an old Massillon boy, after serving as lieutenant governor of Kansas, with distinction, has been nominated for governor upon the Republican ticket. His election is assured. This old Massillon boy has been denied the honor so worthily bestowed.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

The undersigned, J. F. Dougherty, hereby gives notice of nomination for the office of County Recorder, subject to the decision of the next general primary election.

FINKERTON'S ORIENTAL COFFEE



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold at a weight which would render it dishonest. Sold only in the ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. BURLINGTON, N. Y.

A Great Surprise

Is in store for all who use Kemp's Balsam for the throat and lungs, the great guaranteed remedy. Would you believe that it is sold on its merits and that any druggist is authorized by the proprietor of this wonderful remedy to give you a sample bottle free? If never fails to cure a sore throat or cough. All druggists sell Kemp's Balsam. Large bottles 50 cents.

On the occasion of the M. E. camp meeting at Orrville, the W. & L. E. railway will sell excursion tickets at one and one-third fare for round trip, July 20th to August 1st, inclusive, good returning August 9th.

A Good Appetite.
Is essential to good health; but at this season it is often lost, owing to the poverty or impurity of the blood, derangement of the digestive organs, and the weakening effect of the changing season. Doan's Sarsaparilla is a wonderful medicine for creating an appetite, toning the digestive organs, and giving strength to the whole system. No time to lose to get it. Be sure to get Doan's Sarsaparilla.

Effects of Modern Life.

Eminent authorities unanimously agree that the high pressure methods of modern life are rapidly making us a race of nervous invalids—subject to all manner of nervous affections, headache, insanity, dizziness, neuralgia, hysteria, nervous tremors of the heart, stomach, kidneys, brain, etc. Ladies and gentlemen who are thus afflicted, or who are compelled to keep late hours, do much mental or physical work, who worry or fret about business, domestic troubles, should remember that there is a remedy in the world which speedily cures these diseases, removes worry and the blues, induces tranquil sleep, relieves pain, or builds up the brain and nervous systems. A Dr. Williams' Great Peppermint Cure, the Restorative Nervine. It contains no opium or morphine. Obtain it free at Z. T. Bazy's drug store.

Cathartic Pills are Whips.

To the liver whips, but give no strength. They merely make the more you need. Most Pills. W. P. positively strengthen. The larger taken, the less required. Samples free at Z. T. Bazy's.

Look to your heart.

Mrs. Charles Greenwald, of Indianapolis, had what the doctors called asthma, but she got little relief until she took Dr. Miles' new cure, which she made her long-continued, steady pain in chest, swelling, faintness, palpitation, etc. disappeared. Z. T. Bazy's.

Electric Bell Hanging Made Easy.

A complete outfit with full direction, for \$2.50. Agents wanted, send for price list. Address, W. V. Taylor, Allegheny, Pa.

GREAT REDUCTION!

DRESS GOODS

CRONE'S.

I will close out my entire stock of Summer Dress Goods at the following prices:

Seersuckers, worth 12½ and 15 cents, for.....8 cents.
Pacific Lawns, worth 12½ and 15 cents, for.....8 cents.
Domestic Satines, worth 12½ and 15 cents, for.....10½ cents.
Batiste, one yard wide, worth 12½ and 15 cents, for.....10½ cents.
Wool Challies, worth 20 and 25 cents, for.....15 cents.
Best French Satines, worth 35 and 40 cents, for.....25 cents.
Also one lot of All Wool Dress Goods 36 inches wide, worth 35 and 40c., will be closed out at 25 cents.
46 inch All Wool Henriettas latest and most desirable shades, former price \$1.00, will close out the entire line at 75 cents.
You will find my store headquarters for Black Wool Henriettas, Black Cashmeres, Black and Colored Silks, Embroideries and Lace Flouncings.
I will also place on sale two cases of Prints at 3 cents per yard. Five bales of Unbleached 44 Muslin at 5 cents per yard.
My stock of Fancy Parasols will be closed out at and below cost. An inspection of my new goods will convince you that you can save from 20 to 25 per cent. on every dollar and from \$1 to \$2 on every Parasol.

Come Early to avoid the rush. This sale will commence

FRIDAY, JULY 6TH.

FRANK CRONE,
Sailer's Block, Cor. Main and Erie, MASSILLON, OHIO.

BARGAINS!

In Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, &c.

Repairing of Watches a Specialty.

Watches cleaned and warranted for 75 Cents.

Miller's Jewelry Store,

11 E. Main Street, - - - MASSILLON, O.

COLEMAN, THE RELIABLE JEWELER

HAS AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

OPTICAL GOODS,

Spectacles and Eye-Glasses in Gold, Silver, Steel, Rubber, Shell and Zirconite Frames.

WE CAN SUIT YOU.

Prices Lower than the Lowest.

Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, Jewelry, clocks, Gold Pens, Musical Instruments, Etc.

COLEMAN'S 5 Erie Street

MR. MORTON'S HOME LIFE.

HIS BEAUTIFUL NEW RESIDENCE NEAR RHINEBECK, N. Y.

He Prefers the Companionship of His Wife and His Books to the Club and Its Associations—His New York House—Description of the Ellerslie Villa.

Levi Parsons Morton, Republican nominee for vice president, now lives at his country seat, Ellerslie, near Rhinebeck, on the Hudson, about 100 miles above New York. From the moment the news of the nomination was received the trustees of that pretty little hamlet, fairly outdid themselves in testifying their appreciation of the great honor conferred upon one whom, for six months in the year at least, they claim as a fellow townsman. Cannon has answered cannon from village to village across the American Rhine.

Mr. Morton was living at the Huntingdon cottage, about three miles from Rhinebeck, when visited by the committee appointed by the Republican national convention at Chicago to officially notify him of his nomination for the vice presidency.



MORTON'S NEW HOME AT ELLERSLIE. Mrs. Morton, who takes great interest in his candidacy, hoped to have the Ellerslie villa ready for occupancy before the visit of the committee so as to receive them there, but was disappointed.

It was at the Huntingdon that Mr. Morton and his amiable and beautiful wife were found by a reporter who visited the statesman to learn something of his home life. The reporter was ushered by a porter into a richly furnished library, the walls of which were ornamented by rare and costly paintings and tapestries. Soon after Mr. Morton returned from a drive to Ellerslie and invited the reporter to a seat on the broad veranda.

During the chat that followed his charming wife appeared. Her beauty has been described too frequently to require repetition here. She is rather tall, though her rounded figure readily disguises the fact. Her carriage is stately and her manner genial. Though perhaps 42 years old, and the mother of five daughters, Mrs. Morton appears to be younger. Her features are blonde, her hair is just tinged with gray, and is worn in the prevailing fashion. Her eyes are a grayish blue, and look straight through one.

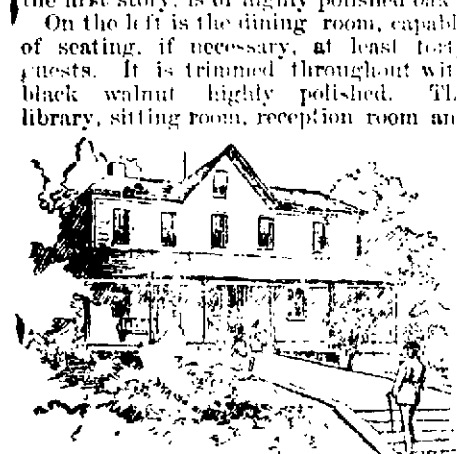
When pleased they dance merrily and her face takes on a fairly fascinating expression. No one who meets her will wonder why her dinners and receptions at Washington, Paris, Newport or New York have become so popular with the circle in which she moves. She is splendidly educated and shows it in her conversation. An exquisite house costume of gray and black striped silk sets off her fine figure to advantage. Mrs. Morton listened to the conversation with much apparent interest.

Mr. Morton is exceedingly domestic in his disposition. He is devoted to his wife and family. Though a member of the Union League and other clubs, he rarely drops in except in company with his wife, when he attends a dinner or reception. He can always be found at his home in the evening. When in the city he resides at 85 Fifth avenue.

Of late Mr. Morton has not been quite so active in business as in former years. When in town he reaches his office in the Mutual Life building about 10 a. m., and leaves by 3 p. m. Just now he remains in the country. It has been his custom to spend a portion of each summer at his cottage, "Fair Lawn," Newport.

The salt atmosphere aggravated a neuritic ailment contracted by his wife. He therefore concluded to purchase property along the Hudson and build a villa there. A thousand acres, three miles south of Rhinebeck, belonging to the William Kelly estate, were purchased by him. Here he built his summer home and named it Ellerslie.

To call it a cottage is a misnomer. It is a mansion, if ever such a building was constructed. It stands upon a great knoll which rises several hundred feet above the level of the river, and can be seen from points miles away up and down the Hudson. The style is of the modern Renaissance order. The material is brown stone up to the second floor, thence upward it is constructed of tinted woods. Entering the admirably kept grounds, enclosed as they are by a great stone wall, one is reminded of an English manor. Macadamized driveways lead through a forest of gigantic chestnuts, maples and oaks. Past a huge conservatory, resplendent with birds and blossoms, over a curiously wrought bridge that crosses a gem of a lake, the road leads up to a great sheltered entrance at the rear of the mansion. One enters an immense hall that runs away through to the front. Its floor, like the floors of all the rooms in the first story, is of highly polished oak. On the left is the dining room, capable of seating, if necessary, at least forty guests. It is trimmed throughout with black walnut highly polished. The library, sitting room, reception room and



billiard room, are decorated with rare varieties of rare woods, and mantels of Italian and Persian marble and onyx. A winding oak staircase, glistening with oil and repeated burnishing, ascends to the third and last floor. To the right, on the second floor, is Mrs. Morton's room. It is trimmed in delicately tinted cream-colored wood. From its windows a superb view is to be had not only of the acres of lawn and terrace below, but for miles the course of the river is marked, the Catskills peering up from the opposite bank, while the stretch of farms and woods and leagues produce a most magnificent spectacle. Just in the rear of Mrs. Morton's apartment is that of her husband. To the left is a drawing room, whose magnificent proportions would certainly accommodate a half score sets of dancers. Other rooms on this and the upper floor are occupied by Mr. Morton's daughters as sleeping apartments. Mr. Morton would probably refuse an offer of \$350,000 for the house and grounds. The stable in the rear would make a comfortable lodging place for any two families; at any rate a sight of the quarters of the blooded stock contained therein would send an envious shiver through the system of a man of moderate means. Mr. Morton will hereafter make Ellerslie his home for at least six months in the year. Mr. Morton is not at all miserly. He gives abundantly of his millions for charitable purposes. In 1890 congress placed the Constellation at the disposal of those who desired to succor the victims of the famine in Ireland. Mr. Morton learned that no offer had been made to load the vessel. He addressed a letter to a morning paper in which he said: "You are authorized to announce that a gentleman known to you, who declines to have his name made public, offers to pay for one quarter of the cargo of the Constellation if other parties will make up the balance." The proprietor of the new paper, however, and W. R. Grace contributed each one-quarter, and other gentlemen furnished the remainder.

The Rockaway beach improvement troubles occurred in the summer of 1890. Five hundred workmen were unable to obtain their wages because of the financial ruin in which the gigantic hotel enterprise had been involved. Certificates of indebtedness were issued to the workmen, but they were useless to the men, who needed food for their wives and children. At this juncture Mr. Morton joined the house of Dreese, Morgan & Co., and each contributed \$10,000 for the relief of the workmen. They paid the full amount of the certificates and declined to accept any discount. In 1895 he gave to Dartmouth college a house and lot near Rollins chapel, for which he had paid \$7,500. The gift was for the purpose of enabling the college to erect an art gallery and museum. When Mr. Morton was made minister to France, Dartmouth conferred on him the degree of LL. D.

As is well known, Mr. Morton began his business life a poor boy and all his wealth and power to do good is the result of his wonderful executive ability, and all of it has been made honestly and honorably. In business circles he stands a monument of integrity. He is richly entitled to the enjoyment of his vast wealth.

FARM AND GARDEN.

EXPERIENCES AND OBSERVATIONS FROM MANY SOURCES.

A Farmer Who Understands the Subject Gives Minute Directions About Building Cisterns at Small Cost and with Comparatively Little Labor.

There are a great many practical builders of cisterns who give preference to the jug shape in their cisterns, such as is depicted in the accompanying illustration.

An advocate of cisterns as near jug shape as possible described recently in Ohio Farmer his cistern, which he makes 8 feet in diameter.

To make a cistern, take a strip of lumber 2 inches wide and 4 feet 4 inches long. Bore a 4 hole 2 inches from each end. This gives you a compasses 4 feet long. Put a pin in one end, to drive into the ground, and a sharpened pin in the other end to make the mark with. Level the surface, draw the circle and dig down straight 18 inches. Level off again and draw a circle 8 inches less in diameter, thus giving you a 4 inch shoulder (width of a brick) all around to start the arch on. Dig down from this last circle 3 feet, gradually widening again to 8 feet, then commence to draw in and dig 6 feet deeper, gradually drawing to 6 feet in diameter at the bottom. Dish out the bottom 4 inches lower in the center, to collect the water when cleaning out the cistern. The cut shows a section of the hole when finished. A is top of the ground; B, the 4 inch shoulder, 18 inches below the surface; C, the bulge, 8 feet in diameter and 5 feet from surface; D, the bottom, 6 feet below C, and 11 feet from surface; E, the center of bottom, 5 inches lower than side at D. This jug shape places the bulk of the water nearer the top, making it easier to pump.

To build the arch, commence on the shoulder, at B. Lay the brick in lime mortar, 1 time and 1 sand. Bed the first course of brick thoroughly in mortar, raising the edge next the bank, to give direction to the arch. Build the arch up until the hole at top is 2 feet in diameter and about 6 inches above surface of the ground, at C. Cover the outside, or upper side of the arch bricks with lime mortar half an inch thick, and the arch is complete. The cistern is now ready for the cement.

Take one bucket of good cement and two buckets of well screened sand. Mix well together, dry, and then add the water and mix to a mortar that can be laid on without running. Commence cementing on the side, at the bottom, being careful not to let the mortar get too least bit hard before putting on; cement hardens rapidly after being wet. Plaster the sides over up to top of arch, 1 1/2 inches thick. When nearly dry apply a half inch coat of nice, smooth cement made of half cement and half sand. Now cement the bottom like the walls. Before covering the arch with earth, spread a coat of cement 1 inch thick over the lime mortar on outside of arch; make this coat 1/2 cement and 1/2 sand. Fill in the earth and pack it down hard. The arch being six inches above surface of ground will prevent surface water from flowing in. Such a cistern will require 300 bricks, and two barrels of cement, one of lime and the sand, costing about \$6 for all.

Two cisterns were built as described and finished in two days, at a cost less than \$12 each, and have been in use for 20 years or more. This size holds over 100 barrels of water.

Receipt for Packing Butter. A good receipt for packing butter is as follows: Churn the cream as nearly sweet as possible and work out all the buttermilk. Make a brine strong enough to bear an egg, add one pound of sugar and one of saltpeter, bring to a boil and strain. Keep in a new jar; add butter from time to time as made, wrung in cloths. When the jar is full, weight down and keep in a cool place.

Hanging Barn Doors on Rollers. The great convenience of sliding or rolling doors on the farm out buildings, says Country Home, is well known, and as every farmer with a little ingenuity can construct them himself, there is no reason why these should not be generally adopted.

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To make a cistern, take a strip of lumber 2 inches wide and 4 feet 4 inches long. Bore a 4 hole 2 inches from each end. This gives you a compasses 4 feet long. Put a pin in one end, to drive into the ground, and a sharpened pin in the other end to make the mark with. Level the surface, draw the circle and dig down straight 18 inches. Level off again and draw a circle 8 inches less in diameter, thus giving you a 4 inch shoulder (width of a brick) all around to start the arch on. Dig down from this last circle 3 feet, gradually widening again to 8 feet, then commence to draw in and dig 6 feet deeper, gradually drawing to 6 feet in diameter at the bottom. Dish out the bottom 4 inches lower in the center, to collect the water when cleaning out the cistern. The cut shows a section of the hole when finished. A is top of the ground; B, the 4 inch shoulder, 18 inches below the surface; C, the bulge, 8 feet in diameter and 5 feet from surface; D, the bottom, 6 feet below C, and 11 feet from surface; E, the center of bottom, 5 inches lower than side at D. This jug shape places the bulk of the water nearer the top, making it easier to pump.

To build the arch, commence on the shoulder, at B. Lay the brick in lime mortar, 1 time and 1 sand. Bed the first course of brick thoroughly in mortar, raising the edge next the bank, to give direction to the arch. Build the arch up until the hole at top is 2 feet in diameter and about 6 inches above surface of the ground, at C. Cover the outside, or upper side of the arch bricks with lime mortar half an inch thick, and the arch is complete. The cistern is now ready for the cement.

Take one bucket of good cement and two buckets of well screened sand. Mix well together, dry, and then add the water and mix to a mortar that can be laid on without running. Commence cementing on the side, at the bottom, being careful not to let the mortar get too least bit hard before putting on; cement hardens rapidly after being wet. Plaster the sides over up to top of arch, 1 1/2 inches thick. When nearly dry apply a half inch coat of nice, smooth cement made of half cement and half sand. Now cement the bottom like the walls. Before covering the arch with earth, spread a coat of cement 1 inch thick over the lime mortar on outside of arch; make this coat 1/2 cement and 1/2 sand. Fill in the earth and pack it down hard. The arch being six inches above surface of ground will prevent surface water from flowing in. Such a cistern will require 300 bricks, and two barrels of cement, one of lime and the sand, costing about \$6 for all.

Two cisterns were built as described and finished in two days, at a cost less than \$12 each, and have been in use for 20 years or more. This size holds over 100 barrels of water.

Receipt for Packing Butter. A good receipt for packing butter is as follows: Churn the cream as nearly sweet as possible and work out all the buttermilk. Make a brine strong enough to bear an egg, add one pound of sugar and one of saltpeter, bring to a boil and strain. Keep in a new jar; add butter from time to time as made, wrung in cloths. When the jar is full, weight down and keep in a cool place.

Hanging Barn Doors on Rollers. The great convenience of sliding or rolling doors on the farm out buildings, says Country Home, is well known, and as every farmer with a little ingenuity can construct them himself, there is no reason why these should not be generally adopted.

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